A letter of Constantine's to the churches, on the date of Easter (Dok. 30)

Reference	Dok. 30; Urk. 26; CPG 8518
Incipit	Πεῖραν λαβὼν
Date	fall 325
Ancient sources	Eusebius, Life of Constantine 3.17-18
	Socrates, Church History 1.9.32-46
	Theodoret, Church History 1.9
	Anonymous Church History 2.37.10
Modern editions	Eusebius Werke 1.1 ² (GCS 7):89-93
	W. Bright, <i>Socrates' ecclesiastical history</i> , 2nd edition (Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1893)

One of the subjects discussed at the Council of Nicaea was resolving diffences in dating the annual celebration of Easter. The council settled on the dating practiced by Rome and Alexandria. Constantine in this letter commends this decision to the churches for implementation. The letter was probably sent out within a few months of the closing of the council. This letter can also be accessed in Table 6 of our *Ancient Descriptions of the Council of Nicaea* documents.

The Greek text below is that of F. Winkelmann, *Eusebius Werke* 1.1²: *Über das Leben des Kaisers Konstantin* (GCS 7, 1991): 89-93. The English translation was adapted by Aaron West from the Socrates translation of Zenos (NPNF² 2:14-16).

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Κωνσταντῖνος Σεβαστὸς ταῖς ἐκκλησίαις.	Constantine Augustus, to the churches.
 Πεῖραν λαβὼν ἐκ τῆς τῶν κοινῶν εὐπραξίας, ὅση τῆς θείας δυνάμεως πέφυκε χάρις, τοῦτόν γε πρὸ πάντων ἕκρινα εἶναί μοι προσήκειν σκοπόν, ὅπως παρὰ τοῖς μακαριωτάτοις τῆς καθολικῆς ἐκκλησίας πλήθεσι πίστις μία καὶ εἰλικρινὴς ἀγάπη ὁμογνώμων τε περὶ τὸν παγκρατῆ θεὸν εὐσέβεια τηρῆται 	1. The great grace of God's power has constantly been increasing, as is evident in the general prosperity of the empire. I therefore decided to make it my aim above all else that one faith, sincere love, and unvarying devotion to Almighty God be maintained among the most blessed assemblies of the catholic church.
2. Άλλ' ἐπειδὴ τοῦτο οὐχ οἶόν τ' ἦν ἀκλινῆ καὶ βεβαίαν τάξιν λαβεῖν, εἰ μὴ εἰς ταὐτὸν πάντων ὁμοῦ ἢ τῶν γοῦν πλειόνων ἐπισκόπων συνελθόντων, ἑκάστου τῶν προσηκόντων τῆ ἀγιωτάτῃ θρησκείᾳ διάκρισις γένοιτο, τούτου ἕνεκεν πλείστων ὅσων συναθροισθέντων (καὶ αὐτὸς δὲ καθάπερ εἶς ἐξ ὑμῶν ἐτύγχνων συμπαρών· οὐ γὰρ ἀρνησαίμην ἂν, ἐφ' ῷ μάλιστα	2. But I perceived that this could only be established firmly and permanently when all of the bishops, or at least the greatest part, were convened in the same place for a council where they could discuss every point of our most holy religion. So we assembled as many as possible, and I myself was also present as one of you; for I will not deny what I especially rejoice in, that I

χαίρω, συνθεράπων ὑμέτερος πεφυκέναι), ἄχρι τοσούτου ἅπαντα τῆς προσηκούσης τετύχηκεν ἐξετάσεως, ἄχρις οὖ ἡ τῷ πάντων ἐφόρῳ θεῷ ἀρέσκουσα γνώμη πρὸς τὴν τῆς ἐνότητος συμφωνίαν εἰς φῶς προήχθη, ὡς μηδὲν ἔτι πρὸς διχόνοιαν ἢ πίστεως ἀμφισβήτησιν ὑπολείπεσθαι.	am your fellow-servant. All points were then minutely investigated, until a decision was brought to light which was found acceptable to him who is the inspector of all things, and brought a unified agreement, leaving nothing which could cause dissension or controversy in matters of faith.
3. Ένθα καὶ περὶ τῆς τοῦ πάσχα ἁγιωτάτης ἡμέρας γενομένης ζητήσεως ἔδοξε κοινῆ γνώμῃ καλῶς ἔχειν ἐπὶ μιᾶς ἡμέρας πάντας τοὺς ἁπανταχοῦ ἐπιτελεῖν. τί γὰρ ἡμῖν κάλλιον, τί δὲ σεμνότερον ὑπάρξαι δυνήσεται τοῦ τὴν ἑορτὴν ταὑτην, παρ' ἦς τὴν τῆς ἀθανασίας εἰλήφαμεν ἐλπίδα, μιῷ τάξει καὶ φανερῷ λόγῷ παρὰ πᾶσιν ἀδιαπτώτως φυλάττεσθαι; καὶ πρῶτον μὲν ἀνάξιον ἕδοξεν εἶναι τὴν ἁγιωτάτην ἐκείνην ἑορτὴν τῆ τῶν Ἰουδαίων ἑπομένους συνηθεία πληροῦν, οῦ τὰς ἑαυτῶν χεῖρας ἀθεμίτῷ πλημμελήματι χράναντες εἰκότως τὰς ψυχὰς οἱ μιαροὶ τυφλώττουσιν. ἕξεστι γὰρ τοῦ ἐκείνων ἔθνους ἀποβληθέντος ἀληθεστέρᾳ τάξει, ῆν ἐκ πρώτης τοῦ πάθους ἡμέρας ἄχρι τοῦ παρόντος ἐφυλάξαμεν, καὶ ἐπὶ τοὺς μέλλοντας αἰῶνας τὴν τῆς ἐπιτηρήσεως ταύτης συμπλήρωσιν ἐκτείνεσθαι.	3. At the council we also considered the issue of our holiest day, Easter, and it was determined by common consent that everyone, everywhere should celebrate it on one and the same day. For what can be more appropriate, or what more solemn, than that this feast from which we have received the hope of immortality, should be kept by all without variation, using the same order and a clear arrangement? And in the first place, it seemed very unworthy for us to keep this most sacred feast following the custom of the Jews, a people who have soiled their hands in a most terrible outrage, and have thus polluted their souls, and are now deservedly blind. Since we have cast aside their way of calculating the date of the festival, we can ensure that future generations can celebrate this observance at the more accurate time which we have kept from the first day of the passion until the present time.
4. Μηδὲν τοίνυν ἔστω ὑμῖν κοινὸν μετὰ τοῦ	4. Therefore have nothing in common with that
ἐχθίστου τῶν Ἰουδαίων ὅχλου. εἰλήφαμεν γὰρ	most hostile people, the Jews. We have received
παρὰ τοῦ σωτῆρος ἑτέραν ὁδόν, πρόκειται δρόμος	another way from the Savior. In our holy religion
τῆ ἱερωτάτῃ ἡμῶν θρησκεία καὶ νόμιμος καὶ	we have set before us a course which is both valid
πρέπων. τούτου συμφώνως ἀντιλαμβανόμενοι τῆς	and accurate. Let us unanimously pursue this. Let
αἰσχρᾶς ἐκείνης ἑαυτοὺς συνειδήσεως	us, most honored brothers, withdraw ourselves
ἀποσπάσωμεν, ἀδελφοὶ τιμιώτατοι.	from that detestable association.
5. ἕστι γὰρ ὡς ἀληθῶς ἀτοπώτατον ἐκείνους	5. It is truly most absurd for them to boast that we
αὐχεῖν, ὡς ἄρα παρεκτὸς τῆς αὐτῶν διδασκαλίας	are incapable of rightly observing these things
ταῦτα φυλάττειν οὐκ εἴημεν ἱκανοί. τί δὲ φρονεῖν	without their instruction. On what subject are they
ὀρθὸν ἐκεῖνοι δυνήσονται, οἳ μετὰ τὴν	competent to form a correct judgment, who, after
κυριοκτονίαν τε καὶ πατροκτονίαν ἐκείνην	that murder of their Lord and patricide lost their
ἐκστάντες τῶν φρενῶν ἄγονται οὐ λογισμῷ τινι	senses, and are led not by any rational motive, but
ἀλλ' ὁρμῇ ἀκατασχέτῷ, ὅπῃ δ' ἂν αὐτοὺς ἡ	by an uncontrollable impulsiveness to wherever
ἕμφυτος αὐτῶν ἀπάγῃ μανία; ἐκεῖθεν τοίνυν κἀν	their innate fury may drive them? This is why

τούτῷ τῷ μέρει τὴν ἀλήθειαν οὐχ ὁρῶσιν, ὡς ἀεὶ κατὰ τὸ πλεῖστον αὐτοὺς πλανωμένους ἀντὶ τῆς προσηκούσης ἐπανορθώσεως ἐν τῷ αὐτῷ ἔτει δεύτερον τὸ πάσχα ἐπιτελεῖν.	even in this matter they do not perceive the truth, so that they constantly err in the utmost degree, and will celebrate the Feast of Passover a second time in the same year instead of making a suitable correction.
6. Τίνος οὖν χάριν τούτοις ἑπόμεθα, οὕς δεινὴν πλάνην νοσεῖν ὡμολόγηνται; δεύτερόν γὰρ τὸ πάσχα ἐν ἐνὶ ἐνιαυτῷ οὐκ ἄν ποτε ποιεῖν ἀνεξόμεθα. ἀλλ' εἰ καὶ ταῦτα μὴ προὕκειτο, τὴν ὑμετέραν ἀγχίνοιαν ἐχρῆν καὶ διὰ σπουδῆς καὶ δι' εὐχῆς ἔχειν πάντοτε ἐν μηδενὸς ὁμοιότητι τὸ καθαρὸν τῆς ἡμετέρας ψυχῆς κοινωνεῖν δοκεῖν ἀνθρώπων ἔθεσι παγκάκων.	6. Why then should we follow the example of those who are acknowledged to be infected with serious error? Surely we should never allow Easter to be kept twice in one and the same year! But even if these considerations were not laid before you, you should still be careful, both by diligence and prayer, that your pure souls should have nothing in common, or even seem to do so, with the customs of men so utterly depraved.
7. Πρὸς τούτοις κἀκεῖνο πάρεστιν συνορᾶν, ὡς ἐν τηλικούτῷ πράγματι καὶ τοιαύτῃ θρησκείας ἑορτῃ διαφωνίαν ὑπάρχειν ἐστὶν ἀθεώτατον.	7. This should also be considered: In a matter so important and of such religious significance, the slightest disagreement is most irreverent.
8. μίαν γὰρ ἡμῖν τὴν τῆς ἡμετέρας ἐλευθερίας	8. For our Savior left us only one day to be
ἡμέραν, τουτέστιν τὴν τοῦ ἀγιωτάτου πάθους, ὁ	observed in remembrance of our deliverance, that
ἡμέτερος παρέδωκε σωτήρ, καὶ μίαν εἶναι τὴν	is the day of his most holy passion. He also
καθολικὴν αὐτοῦ ἐκκλησίαν βεβούληται, ἦς εἰ καὶ	wished his catholic church to be one; the members
τὰ μάλιστα εἰς πολλούς καὶ διαφόρους τόπους τὰ	of which are still cared for by one Spirit, that is by
μέρη διήρηται, ἀλλ' ὅμως ἑνὶ πνεύματι, τουτέστι	the will of God, however much they may be
τῷ θείῳ βουλήματι, θάλπεται.	scattered in various places.
9. Λογισάσθω δ' ή τῆς ὑμετέρας ὁσιότητος	9. Let the good sense consistent with your sacred
ἀγχίνοια, ὅπως ἐστὶ δεινόν τε καὶ ἀπρεπὲς κατὰ	character consider how grievous and inappropriate
τὰς αὐτὰς ἡμέρας ἑτέρους μὲν ταῖς νηστείαις	it is, that on the same days some should be
σχολάζειν, ἑτέρους δὲ συμπόσια ἐπιτελεῖν, καὶ	observing fasts, while others are celebrating
μετὰ τὰς τοῦ πάσχα ἡμέρας ἄλλους μὲν ἑορταῖς	feasts; and after the days of Easter some should
καὶ ἀνέσεσιν ἐξετάζεσθαι, ἄλλους δὲ ταῖς	celebrate festivities and enjoyments, while others
ὡρισμέναις ἐκδεδόσθαι νηστείαις. διὰ τοῦτο γοῦν	submit to appointed fastings. For this reason
τῆς προσηκούσης ἐπανορθώσεως τυχεῖν καὶ πρὸς	Divine Providence directed that we put into effect
μίαν διατύπωσιν ἄγεσθαι τοῦτο ἡ θεία πρόνοια	an appropriate correction and establish uniformity
βούλεται, ὡς ἔγωγε ἅπαντας ἡγοῦμαι συνορᾶν.	of practice, as I suppose you are all aware.
10. ὅθεν ἐπειδὴ τοῦτο οὕτως ἐπανορθοῦσθαι	10. So first, it was desirable to change the
προσῆκεν, ὡς μηδὲν μετὰ τοῦ τῶν πατροκτόνων	situation so that we have nothing in common with
τε καὶ κυριοκτόνων ἐκείνων ἔνθους εἶναι κοινόν,	that nation of father-killers who slew their Lord.
ἔστι τε τάξις εὐπρεπής, ῆν ἅπασαι αἱ τῶν δυτικῶν	Second, the order which is observed by all the
τε καὶ μεσημβρινῶν καὶ ἀρκτῷων τῆς οἰκουμένης	churches of the western, southern, and northern

μερῶν παραφυλάττουσιν ἐκκλησίαι καί τινες τῶν κατὰ τὴν ἑῷαν τόπων, οὖ ἕνεκεν ἐπὶ τοῦ παρόντος καλῶς ἔχειν ἅπαντες ἡγήσαντο, καὶ αὐτὸς δὲ τῆ ὑμετέρα ἀγχινοία ἀρέσειν ὑπεσχόμην, ἵν' ὅπερ δ' ἂν κατὰ τὴν τῶν Ῥωμαίων πόλιν Ἱταλίαν τε καὶ Ἀφρικήν, ἅπασαν Αἴγυπτον, Σπανίας, Γαλλίας, Βρεττανίας, Λιβύας, ὅλην Ἑλλάδα, Ἀσιανήν τε διοίκησιν καὶ Ποντικὴν καὶ Κιλικίαν μιῷ καὶ συμφώνῷ φυλάττεται γνώμῃ, ἀσμένως τοῦτο καὶ ἡ ὑμετέρα προσδέξηται σύνεσις, λογιζομένῃ ὡς οὐ μόνον πλείων ἐστὶν ὁ τῶν κατὰ τοὺς προειρημένους τόπους ἐκκλησιῶν ἀριθμός, ἀλλὰ καὶ ὡς τοῦτο μάλιστα κοινῷ πάντας ὁσιώτατόν ἐστι βούλεσθαι, ὅπερ καὶ ὁ ἀκριβὴς λόγος ἀπαιτεῖν δοκεῖ καὶ οὐδεμίαν μετὰ τῆς Ἰουδαίων ἐπιορκίας ἔχειν κοινωνίαν.	parts, and by some also in the eastern, is quite suitable. Therefore, at the current time, we all thought it was proper that you, intelligent as you are, would also cheerfully accept what is observed with such general unanimity of sentiment in the city of Rome, throughout Italy, Africa, all Egypt, Spain, France, Britain, Libya, the whole of Greece, and the dioceses of Asia, Pontus, and Cilicia. I pledged myself that this solution would satisfy you after you carefully examined it, especially as I considered that not only are the majority of congregations located in the places just mentioned, but also that we all have a most sacred obligation, to unite in desiring whatever common sense seems to demand, and what has no association with the perjury of the Jews.
11. Ίνα δὲ τὸ κεφαλαιωδέστατον συντόμως εἴπω, κοινῆ πάντων ἤρεσε κρίσει τὴν ἀγιωτάτην τοῦ πάσχα ἑορτὴν μιῷ καὶ τῆ αὐτῆ ἡμέρῷ συντελεῖσθαι. οὐδὲ γὰρ πρέπει ἐν τοιαύτῃ ἀγιότητι εἶναί τινα διαφοράν, καὶ κάλλιον ἕπεσθαι τῆ γνώμῃ ταύτῃ, ἐν ἦ οὐδεμία ἔσται ἀλλοτρίας πλάνης καὶ ἁμαρτήματος ἐπιμιξία.	11. But to sum up matters briefly, it was determined by common consent that the most holy festival of Easter should be solemnized on one and the same day; for it is not at all decent that there should be in such a sacred serious matter any difference. It is quite commendable to adopt this option which has nothing to do with any strange errors, nor deviates from what is right.
12. Τούτων οὖν οὕτως ἐχόντων, ἀσμένως δέχεσθε τὴν οὐρανίαν χάριν καὶ θείαν ὡς ἀληθῶς ἐντολήν· πᾶν γὰρ ὅ τι δ' ἂν ἐν τοῖς ἁγίοις τῶν ἐπισκόπων συνεδρίοις πράττηται, τοῦτο πρὸς τὴν θείαν βούλησιν ἔχει τὴν ἀναφοράν. διὸ πᾶσι τοῖς ἀγαπητοῖς ἡμῶν ἀδελφοῖς ἐμφανίσαντες τὰ προγεγραμμένα ἤδη καὶ τὸν προειρημένον λόγον καὶ τὴν παρατήρησιν τῆς ἁγιωτάτης ἡμέρας ὑποδέχεσθαί τε καὶ διατάττειν ὀφείλετε, ἵνα ἐπειδὰν πρὸς τὴν πάλαι μοι ποθουμένην τῆς ὑμετέρας διαθέσεως ὄψιν ἀφίκωμαι, ἐν μιῷ καὶ τῷ αὐτῷ ἡμέρῷ τὴν ἁγίαν μεθ' ὑμῶν ἑορτὴν ἐπιτελέσαι δυνηθῶ καὶ πάντων ἕνεκεν μεθ' ὑμῶν εὐδοκήσω, συνορῶν τὴν διαβολικὴν ὡμότητα ὑπὸ τῆς θείας δυνάμεως διὰ τῶν ἡμετέρων πράξεων ἀνῃρημένην, ἀκμαζούσης πανταχοῦ τῆς ἡμετέρας πίστεως καὶ εἰρήνης καὶ ὁμονοίας. ὁ θεὸς ὑμᾶς διαφυλάξοι, ἀδελφοὶ ἀγαπητοί.	12. Since these things are consistent, gladly receive this heavenly and truly divine command. For whatever is done in the sacred assemblies of the bishops can be traced to divine will. Therefore, once you have demonstrated the things which have been prescribed to all our beloved brothers, it would be good for you to make public the above written statements and to accept the reasoning which has proved itself to be sound, and to establish this observance of the most holy day. In this way, when I arrive to check on your condition, which I have desired earnestly for some time, I will be able to celebrate the sacred festival with you on one and the same day, and will rejoice with you for all things, as I see that through our efforts divine power is frustrating Satan's cruelty, and that your faith, peace, and

unity are flourishing everywhere. May God preserve you, beloved brothers.

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